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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/591,670	06/15/2007	Yosuke Tatsuzaki	1966.1001	3118
21171 7590 08/16/2010 STAAS & HALSEY LLP			EXAMINER	
SUITE 700		PERSAUD, DEORAM		
WASHINGTON	RK AVENUE, N.W. N, DC 20005		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2882	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/591,670	TATSUZAKI, YOSUKE		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	DEORAM PERSAUD	2882		
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tined will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Th 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdred solution of the above claim(s) is/are withdred solution claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and claim of the specification is objected to by the Examination of the specification is objected to by the Examination of the specification of the specificatio	rawn from consideration. /or election requirement. ner. s/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objective drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ection is required if the drawing(s) is objective the drawing(s).	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
,—	Examinor. Note the attached emee	7.00.017-017-017-01-02.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 09/01/2006.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate		

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1, 2, 4, 6, 8-12, 14 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Saito et al. (Japan Patent Application Publication 2002-181127 A).

Regarding claims 1 and 11, Saito et al. discloses a pneumatic spring/anti-vibration apparatus (Fig. 2) having a gas chamber (12) filled with a gaseous substance of a predetermined pressure (paragraph [0009] teaches the gas spring filled with gas), comprising a regulating device (14, 15, 16) provided in the gas chamber for regulating a

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temperature change produced according to a volume change of the gas chamber (paragraph [0011]-[0015] teaches the regulating of temperature change).

- 4. Regarding claims 2 and 12, Saito et al. discloses a pneumatic spring/anti-vibration apparatus, wherein the regulating device is a solid or a liquid (paragraph [0016] teaches wherein the heating means maybe a thermal fluid) exhibiting a greater specific heat or heat transfer rate than the gaseous substance.
- 5. Regarding claims 4 and 14, Saito et al. discloses a pneumatic spring/anti-vibration apparatus, wherein the regulating device is adapted to make a polytropic index for a dynamic spring constant smaller than a polytropic index of the air (paragraph [0012] teaches the elastic spring coefficient K and heating and cooling of the chamber with air. This is a thermodynamic process where the polytropic process characterizes the compression and expansion of the gas).
- 6. Regarding claims 6 and 16, Saito et al. discloses a pneumatic spring/anti-vibration apparatus, wherein the regulating device is adapted to allow a volume of the gas chamber to be changed nearly isothermally (paragraph [0013]-[0015] teaches the elastic skin 12a allows for the air in the chamber to change slowly enough to allow the system to continually adjust to the temperature through heat exchange).

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7. Regarding claims 8-10, Saito et al. discloses an anti-vibration/stage/exposure apparatus (Fig. 4) comprising, a support device for supporting a target anti-vibration object with a gaseous substance of a predetermined pressure, and a drive device for driving the target anti-vibration object, and in which a movable body is moved on a surface plate, wherein the surface plate is supported by the anti-vibration apparatus and for use in exposing patterns of a mask held on a mask stage onto a photosensitive substrate held on a substrate stage through a projection optical system, wherein at least one of the mask stage, the projection optical system and the substrate stage is supported by the anti-vibration apparatus (paragraph [0018]-[0020] teaches using the anti-vibration apparatus on a stage to support a substrate in a mechanical apparatus).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 3 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Saito et al. in view of Yanagisawa et al. (US Patent Application Publication 2005/0140961 A1).

Regarding claims 3 and 13, Saito et al. discloses a pneumatic spring/antivibration apparatus.

Saito et al. does not teach wherein the regulating device is fiber-shaped steel.

However, Yanagisawa et al. teaches steel wool (metal cotton) can be used inside of a gas spring as a heat accumulating material (paragraph [0068]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the steel wool of Yanagisawa et al. in the pneumatic spring/anti-vibration device of Saito et al. as a heat accumulation material because such a material provides a large surface area while maintaining a small volume (paragraph [0068] of Yanagisawa et al.).

10. Claims 5, 7, 15 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Saito et al. in view of Schubert (UK Patent Application 2153042 A).

Regarding claims 5 and 15, Saito et al. discloses a pneumatic spring/antivibration apparatus.

Saito et al. does not teach wherein the regulating device includes a gas formed of a mixture of saturated vapor and liquid filled in the gas chamber in a gas liquid mixed phase condition.

However, Schubert teaches an anti-vibration apparatus using a bi-phase fluid where the chamber consists of fluid in both a liquid and vapor state (page 1 lines 17-22).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the bi-phase fluid of Schubert in the pneumatic spring/anti-vibration device of Saito et al. to produce vertical vibration isolation, because such a device are characterized by very low transmissibility and high damping both axially and radially with a relatively inexpensive compact structure (page 1 lines 5-10 of Schubert).

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11. Regarding claims 7 and 17, Schubert discloses further comprising a stirring device for stirring the gaseous substance in the gas chamber (page 2 lines 71-88 teaches where the fluid and vapor are mixed in a mixed phase state, thus implying a device for mixing or stirring).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DEORAM PERSAUD whose telephone number is (571)270-5476. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30-5) EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Glick can be reached on 571-272-2490. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/D. P./ Examiner, Art Unit 2882

/Edward J Glick/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2882